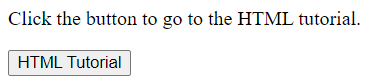
* <!DOCTYPE html> it defines that this document is an HTML5documemt
* <html> root element of an html page
* <head> contains meta info abt HTML page
* <title> specifies a title for the HTML page (which is shown in the browsers title bar
* <body> defines the document body, and is a container for all the visible contents, such as headings, paragraphs, images ,hyperlinks tables, lists,etc.
* <h1> larger heading
* <p> paragraph
* <a> define the html links
* <a href=”link”></a> href attribute is specified for linkm destination
* <img> defines html Image
* <img src=”imagename.jpg” alt=”alternate text” width=” “ height=” ”> the source file(src), alternate text (alt) , width, and height are provided as attribute.
* <br> break
* style=”style you need to upload;” by using you can style your text as you want by applying changes.
* <html lang=”language”> this attribute is used to select the language.
* <p title=” “> gives more information abt an element
* <hr> it is an empty tag, which means that it has no end tag
* <pre> preformatted text..thaat means element is displayed in a fixed-width font (usually courier).
* STYLE
  + - 1. Background-color for background color
      2. Color for text colors
      3. Font-family for text fonts
      4. Font-size for text sizes
      5. Text-align for text alignment
* FORMATING ELEMENTS
  + - 1. <b> - bold text
      2. <strong> - important text…bold
      3. <i> - italic text
      4. <em> - emphasized text…same as italic
      5. <mark> - marked text…highlight text
      6. <small> - smaller text
      7. <del> - deleted text….line on text
      8. <ins> - inserted text…underlined text
      9. <sub> - subscript text
      10. <sup> - superscript text
* <q> </q> text in quotation mark
* **<abbr> tag defines an abbreviation or an acronym, like "HTML", "CSS", "Mr.", "Dr.", "ASAP", "ATM".**
* **<address> tag defines the contact information for the author/owner of a document or an article.**
* **<bdo> defines text direction**
* **<!-- comment -->**
* **CSS**
  + - 1. Inline - by using the style attribute inside HTML elements
      2. Internal - by using a <style> element in the <head> section
      3. External - by using a <link> element to link to an external CSS file
* **target attribute specifies where to open the linked document.**
  + - 1. **\_self - Default. Opens the document in the same window/tab as it was clicked**
      2. **\_blank - Opens the document in a new window or tab**
      3. **\_parent - Opens the document in the parent frame**
      4. **\_top - Opens the document in the full body of the window**
* **<button onclick=” link “> text on button </button>**
* **Use the mailto: scheme inside the href attribute to create a link that opens the user's email program ex. <a href="mailto:someone@example.com">Send email</a>**
* **Use the <img> element (inside <a>) to use an image as a link ex <a href="default.asp">  
  <img src="smiley.gif" alt="HTML tutorial" style="width:42px;height:42px;">  
  </a>**
* **The title attribute specifies extra information about an element. The information is most often shown as a tooltip text when the mouse moves over the element. Ex. <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/html/" title="Go to W3Schools HTML section">Visit our HTML Tutorial</a>**